# Net Returns for 1999 and 2000 

Research Results

## Prices \& Costs Used in Estimating Net Returns

| Crop | Crop Price (\$/lb)* | 1999 <br> Herbicide and Application Costs (\$/ac) | 2000 <br> Herbicide and Application Costs (\$/ac) | Seed Costs $(\$ / a c)$ | Fertilizer, Planting, and Harvest Costs (\$/ac) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Base Loss } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \text { (\$/ac)** } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canola | \$0.095 | \$22.01 | \$32.43 | \$13.75 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |
| Crambe | \$0.090 | \$22.01 | \$22.58 | \$5.40 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |
| Dry Bean | \$0.140 | \$43.32 | \$48.52 | \$25.00 | \$48.45 | \$43.05 |
| Field Pea | \$0.049 | \$22.01 | \$25.11 | \$24.00 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |
| Flax | \$0.093 | \$30.49 | \$29.46 | \$5.25 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |
| Safflower | \$0.122 | \$27.49 | \$28.37 | \$8.75 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |
| Soybean | \$0.078 | \$48.80 | \$66.19 | \$16.80 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |
| Sunflower | \$0.092 | \$39.82 | \$40.34 | \$13.20 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |
| Wheat | \$0.049 | \$24.81 | \$30.95 | \$7.80 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |
| Barley | \$0.035 | \$24.81 | \$30.95 | \$5.63 | \$48.45 | \$0.00 |

* Higher of average 1998-2000 season-average price for North Dakota and the 2001 commodity loan rate.
** Government payments that would have been lost in 2000 if an acre planted to dry beans resulted in a loss of one acre of wheat base with a proven yield of 35 bu/ac.


## 1999 Net Returns (\$/ac)



Net returns for each crop sequence calculated using 1999 observed yields, and the prices and costs previously identified.

## 2000 Net Return (\$/ac)

## 2000 Crop

|  |  | Canola | Crambe | Dry Bean | Field Pea | Flax | Safflower | Soybean | Sunflower | Wheat | Barley |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{2}{2}$ | Canola | \$9.49 | (\$48.56) | \$18.68 | \$40.03 | \$15.94 | (\$13.34) | \$31.99 | (\$1.60) | \$66.71 | \$26.81 |
|  | Crambe | \$34.43 | \$18.30 | (\$28.64) | \$62.35 | \$25.51 | \$18.59 | (\$15.86) | (\$22.13) | \$78.68 | \$44.71 |
|  | Dry Bean | \$55.02 | \$6.78 | \$37.12 | \$59.84 | \$46.57 | \$14.78 | \$0.23 | \$33.32 | \$74.86 | \$38.82 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \boldsymbol{M} \\ & \boldsymbol{O} \\ & \mathbf{x} \end{aligned}$ | Field Pea | \$39.79 | \$10.81 | \$53.93 | \$35.63 | \$33.25 | \$50.08 | \$20.29 | \$32.66 | \$68.81 | \$37.72 |
|  | Flax | \$35.53 | \$36.90 | \$40.24 | \$53.42 | (\$31.42) | \$71.25 | \$36.87 | \$16.15 | \$68.02 | \$45.63 |
|  | Safflower | \$47.87 | \$6.22 | \$16.61 | \$63.41 | \$62.96 | \$4.69 | \$0.51 | (\$11.13) | \$82.23 | \$35.82 |
|  | Soybean | \$24.89 | \$22.89 | \$40.74 | \$75.65 | \$59.55 | \$21.95 | \$53.09 | \$3.42 | \$52.68 | \$31.03 |
|  | Sunflower | \$34.77 | \$55.99 | \$41.37 | \$37.96 | \$55.55 | \$47.14 | \$70.51 | (\$21.07) | \$62.01 | \$23.97 |
|  | Wheat | \$39.36 | \$24.58 | \$19.05 | \$56.50 | \$45.07 | \$50.29 | \$24.75 | \$13.69 | \$46.01 | \$41.50 |
|  | Barley | \$48.64 | \$36.42 | \$43.37 | \$55.09 | \$52.56 | \$51.27 | \$43.69 | \$5.06 | \$64.43 | \$14.92 |

Net returns for each crop sequence calculated using 2000
observed yields, and the prices and costs previously identified.

## Average of 1999 \& 2000 Net Returns (\$/ac)



Net returns for each crop sequence calculated using 1999 \& 2000 observed yields, and the prices and costs previously identified.

## Potential Cost of Ignoring <br> Crop Sequence Effects (\$/ac)



Maximum differences in average net returns that occurred for crops grown on different residues. Net returns for dry beans varied by as much as $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 5}$ per acre depending on the previous crop.

## Planning Beyond the Current Year

- Don't just select the crop that has the highest expected net returns on the current crop residue.
- Remember the crop you select this year will affect next year's net returns as well.


