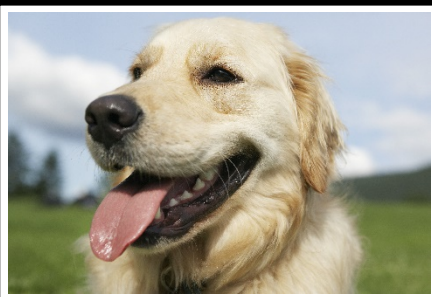


**Animal:** Dogs  
**Behavior:** Digging

Dogs like to dig. This behavior stems from their ancestors hunting for prey that burrow underground.



**Animal:** Dogs  
**Behavior:** Panting

Dogs will pant by opening their mouth, sticking their tongue out, and breathing faster. Dogs may pant because they're hot or nervous in different situations like storms.



**Animal:** Cats  
**Behavior:** Grooming

Cats lick themselves to keep their fur clean. This is known as grooming.



**Animal:** Cats  
**Behavior:** Playing

Cats will perform play behavior by running around or playing with toys. For example, you can shine a laser on the wall or ground and let them chase it.



**Animal:** Birds  
**Behavior:** Flying

One way that birds move and relocate is by flying. To fly, birds flap their wings back and forth which helps them move through the air.



**Animal:** Rats, mice, and hamsters (pictured)  
**Behavior:** Climbing

Rats, mice, and hamsters climb to exercise and explore their environment. They will climb on their cages or structures like ladders and tubes.



**Animal:** Rats (pictured), mice, and hamsters  
**Behavior:** Playing

Most rats, mice, and hamsters are social animals meaning they like having a friend around. They often like to play, chase and groom each other.



**Animal:** Birds  
**Behavior:** Brooding

The female birds will lay eggs and sit on the eggs to keep them warm until the eggs are ready to hatch.